Validation study of GCOM-C atmosphere products based on SKYNET for success criterion evaluation

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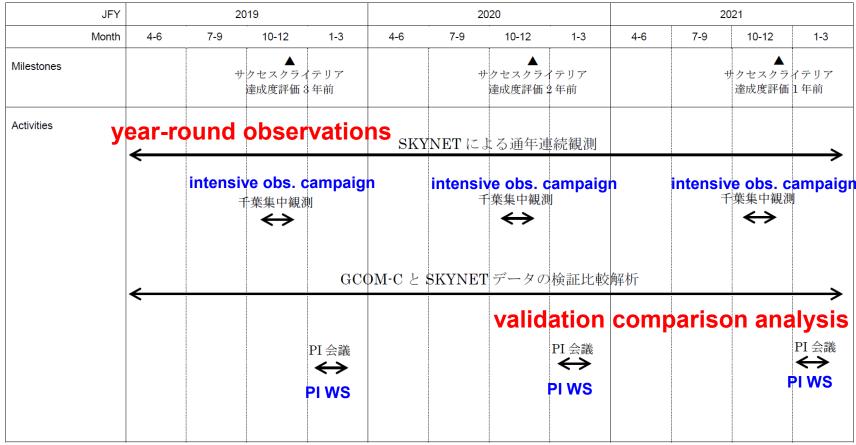
Purposes of this RA

- To acquire high-quality validation data based on SKYNET for the period of 1.5-4.5 years after the launch of GCOM-C.
- To contribute to the success criterion evaluation (atmosphere products) through validation comparison analysis.

Research schedule

FY2019 FY2020 FY2021

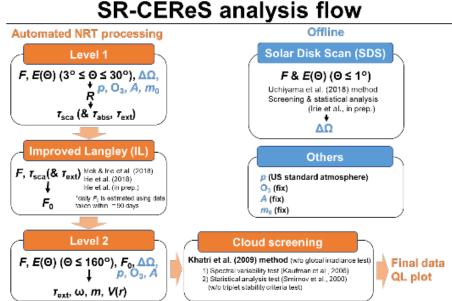
Research Schedule



Continuous observation & NRT data delivery with SR-CEReS**

(Mok and Irie et al., 2018; Irie et al., 2019; Irie and Nakajima, 2022)





NRT system

obs→data transfer→analysis→visualization→release"



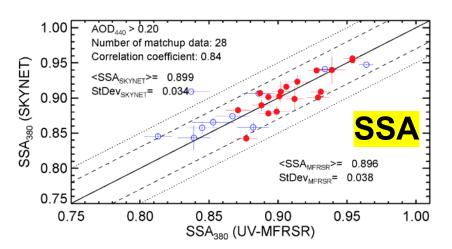
together with other data (MWR LWP data, etc.)

QA/QC study of skyradiometer data



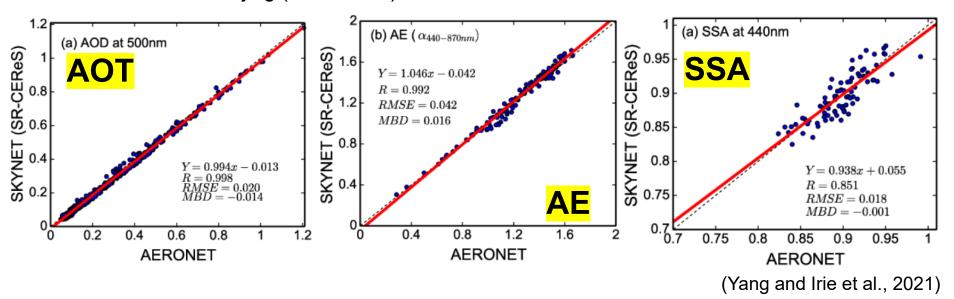
Period: May 4 to September 8, 2016

(SKYNET)

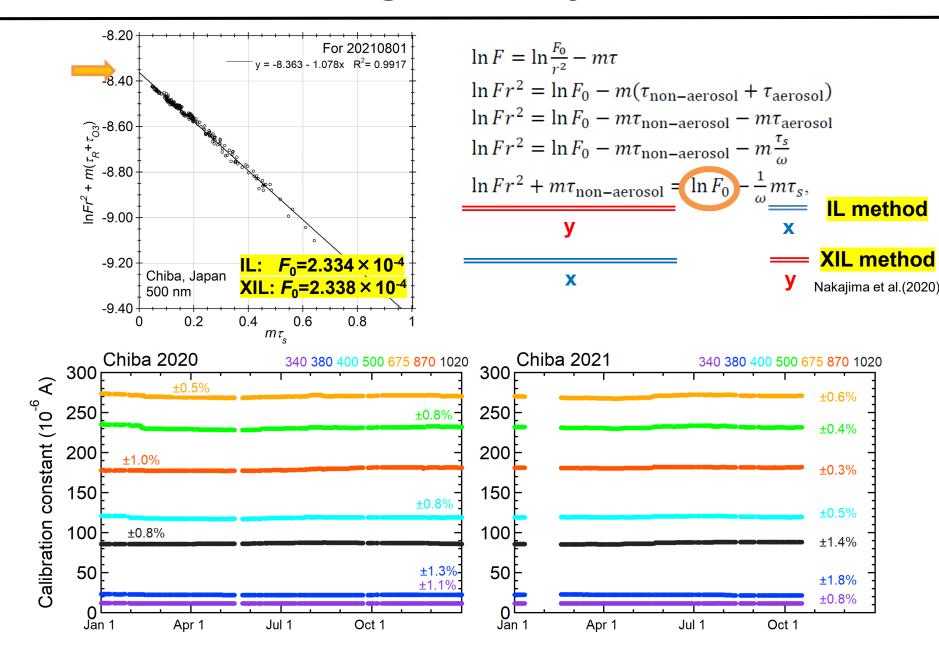


(Mok and Irie et al., 2018; Irie et al., 2019)

② Observations at Beijing (2016-2017)



Calibration for long-term skyradiometer obs.



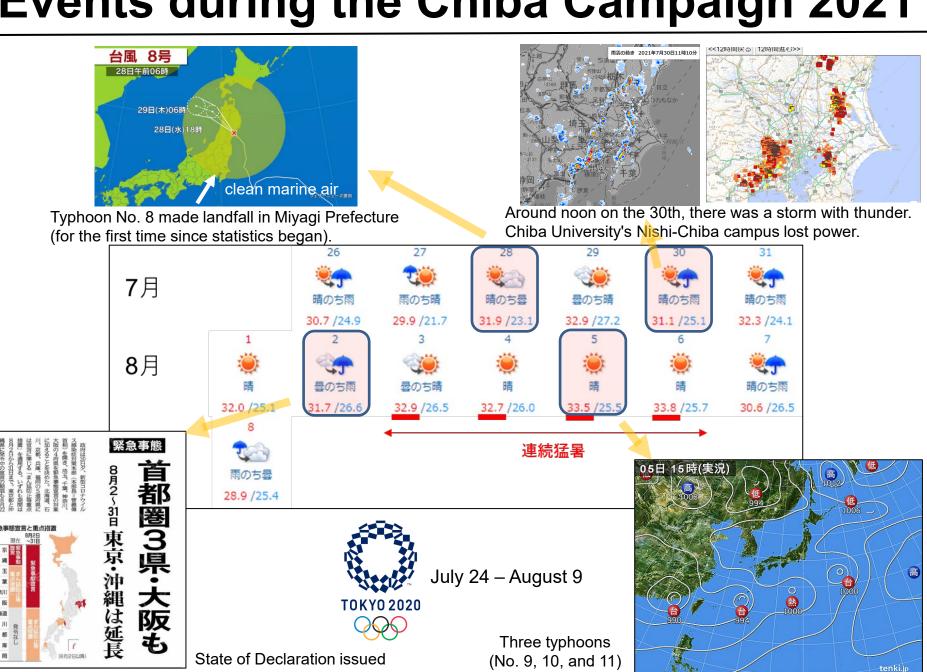


taken by Ohno

Instruments and observation parameters

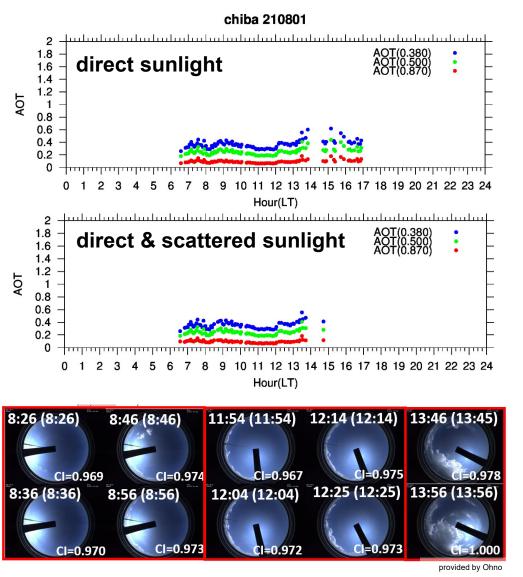
-	Instruments	Parameters	Remarks
	SKYNET/Skyradiometer (POM-02)	AOD, SSA, AE, k size distribution, PWV, COD, Re	340, 380, 400, 500, 675 870, and 1020 nm
in the second	AERONET/CIMEL	AOD, SSA, AE, k size distribution, PWV	340, 380, 440, 500, 675 870, 1020, and 1640 nm observation in both day and night
	PENTA-MAXDOAS	AEC, NO ₂ , H ₂ O (RH)	3D distributions using 5 azimuth
		HCHO, CHOCHO, SO_2 , O_3	angles
a Lun	MWR	PWV, LWC	Rain sensor equipped
	PM _{2.5} sensor	$PM_{2.5}$	- -
0.0	BCM3130 (COSMOS)	ВС	<u>-</u>
	NIES FRM × 2	PM _{2.5} , EC	Quartz and Teflon filters used
	Skyview	whole-sky imagery cloud fraction	<u>-</u>
	Pyranometer	global solar irradiance	<u>-</u>
	MS-700	solar radiation spectrum	<u>-</u>
	PAR-01D	PAR	<u>-</u>
	MaxiMet GMX 600	Wind speed/direction T, p, RH, precipitation	<u>-</u>
	NIES FTS (EM27/SUN)	XCO ₂ , XCH ₄ , XCO, XH ₂ O	<u>-</u>
	NIES lidar	AEC	<u>-</u>
	Time-lapse camera	RGB video	5 azimuth angles

Events during the Chiba Campaign 2021



New development toward SR-CEReS-2

1 Direct sunlight data analysis and 2 Cloud screening method





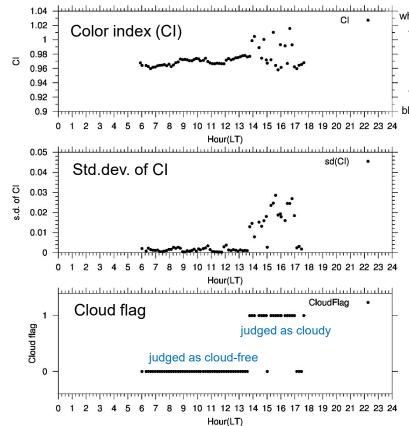
Zenith-sky UV-Vis data
Cl approach based on MAX-DOAS

(%CI: color index)

$$CI = \tau_{400}/\tau_{500}$$

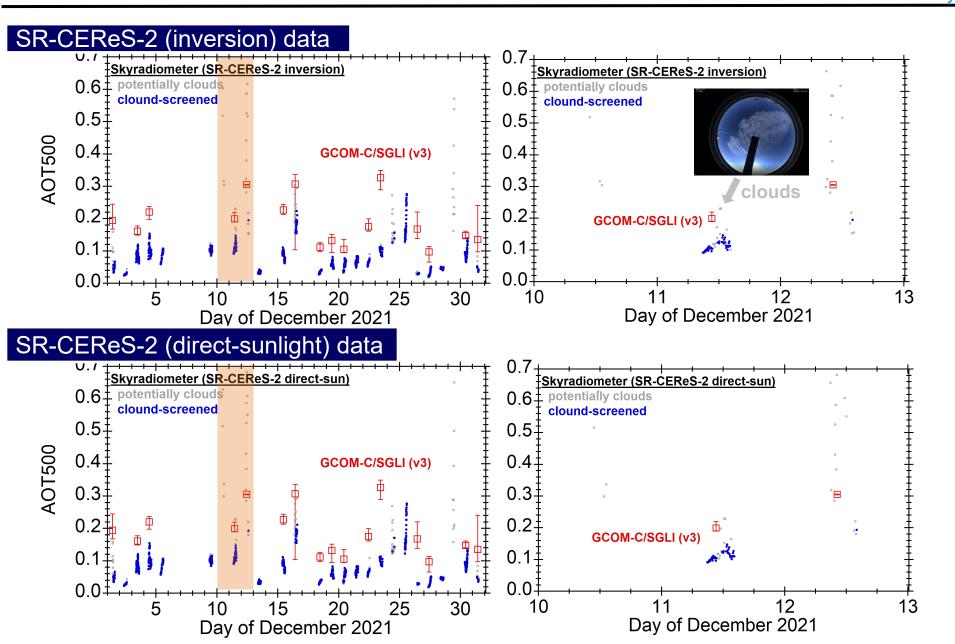
where

$$\tau = \ln(F_0/Vr^2)$$

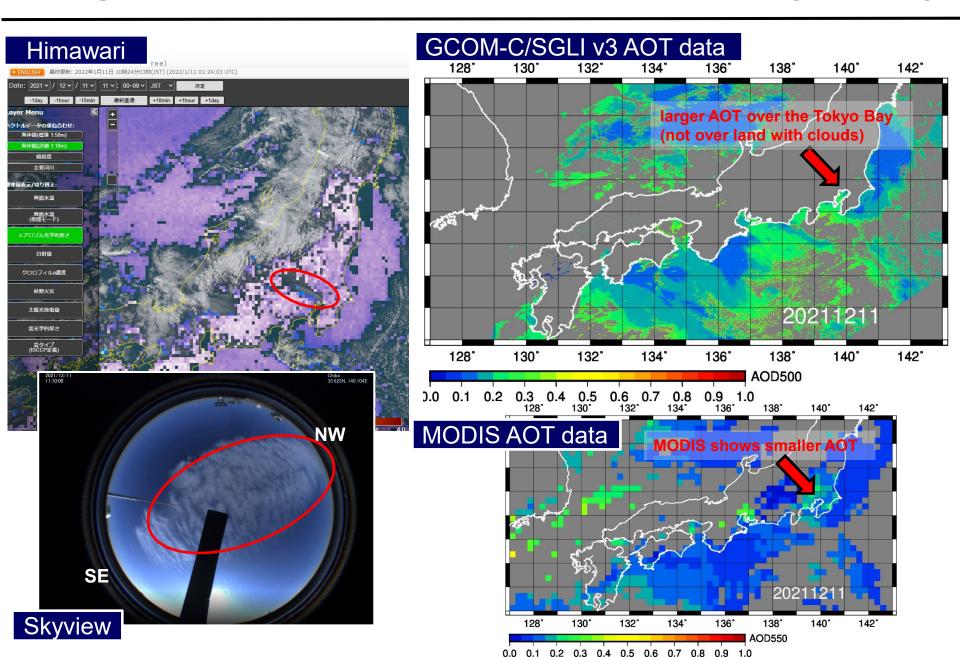


Validation comparison for v3 AOT data

Preliminary



Larger AOT occurred over the Tokyo Bay



Interesting aerosol distribution observed in small gaps between clouds

